- (1) His or her marriage to the employee has been terminated by a final divorce; and
- (2) He or she is not married (if the claimant remarried after the divorce from the employee, the later marriage has been terminated by death, final divorce, or annulment); and
 - (3) He or she either—
- (i) Was the natural parent of the employee's child; or
- (ii) Had been married to the employee when either the employee or the claimant legally adopted the other's child or when they both legally adopted a child who was then under 18 years of age.

§222.24 Relationship as remarried widow(er).

- (a) New eligibility. A claimant will have the relationship of a remarried widow(er) if he or she is the widow(er), as discussed in §222.11, of an employee and the claimant—
- (1) Remarried after attaining age 60, or remarried after attaining age 50 and after the date on which he or she became disabled; or
- (2) Remarried before attaining age 60, but is now unmarried, or remarried before attaining age 50 or before the date on which he or she became disabled, but is now unmarried.
- (b) Reentitlement. A claimant will have the relationship of a remarried widow(er) if he or she remarries after his or her entitlement to an annuity as a widow(er) has been established, and the claimant—
- (1) Remarries after attaining age 60, or remarries after attaining age 50 and after the date on which he or she became disabled: or
- (2) Is entitled to an annuity based upon having a child of the employee in care and remarries, but this marriage is to a person who is entitled to a retirement, disability, widow(er)'s, mother's, father's, parent's, or disabled child's benefit under the Railroad Retirement Act or Social Security Act.

Subpart D—Relationship as Child

§222.30 When determinations of relationship as child are made.

(a) Determinations will be made regarding a person's relationship as the

- child of the employee and that person's dependency on the employee (see subpart F of this part) when—
- (1) The wife or husband of an employee applies for a spouse's annuity based on having the employee's child in care: or
- (2) The employee's annuity can be increased under the social security overall minimum provision based on the child: or
- (3) The employee dies and the claimant applies for a child's annuity.
- (b) A determination will be made regarding a claimant's relationship as the child of the employee when the claimant applies for a share of a lump-sum payment as a child.

§ 222.31 Relationship as child for annuity and lump-sum payment purposes.

- (a) Annuity claimant. When there are claimants under paragraph (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(3) of §222.30, a person will be considered the child of the employee when that person is—
- (1) The natural or legally adopted child of the employee (see § 222.33); or
- (2) The stepchild of the employee; or
- (3) The grandchild or stepgrandchild of the employee or spouse; or
- (4) The equitably adopted child of the employee.
- (b) Lump-sum payment claimant. A claimant for a lump-sum payment must be one of the following in order to be considered the child of the employee:
- (1) The natural child of the employee; (2) A child legally adopted by the employee (this does not include any child adopted by the employee's widow or widower after the employee's death);
- (3) The equitably adopted child of the employee.

§ 222.32 Relationship as a natural child.

- A claimant will be considered the natural child of the employee for both annuity and lump-sum payment purposes if one of the following sets of conditions is met:
- (a) Under relevant State law, the claimant could inherit a share of the employee's personal estate as the employee's natural child if the employee were to die without leaving a will;